Charleston Area Medical Center

			Augu	St 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Yellow	Putnam County VS US =Better y=Same Worse
Access to Quality Health Care										
Uninsured adults (Percent of adult population under	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		6% (2018)	8% (2018)	6% (2018)					
age 65 without health insurance)	west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/85/data?sort =sc-0		6% (2017) 5% (2016) 6% (2015) 8% (2014) 13% (2013)	8% (2017) 7% (2016) 7% (2015) 11% (2014) 17% (2013)	6% (2017) 6% (2016) 6% (2015) 8% (2014) 11% (2013)	1				
Primary Care Physicians (Ratio of population to	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		930:1 (2018)	1,280:1 (2018)	1,030:1 (2018)					
Primary Care Providers)	<u>west-</u> virginia/2020/measure/factors/4/data?sort=s c-0		950:1 (2017) 930:1 (2016) 920:1 (2015) 900:1 (2014) 930:1 (2013)	1,290:1 (2017) 1,270:1 (2016) 1,270:1 (2015) 1,290:1 (2014) 1,290:1 (2013)	1,030:1 (2017) 1,050:1 (2016) 1,030:1 (2015) 1,040:1 (2014) 1,040:1 (2013)	7				
Preventable hospitalizations (Number per 100,000 Medicare enrollees) (Definition & rate changed in 2016)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/5/data?sort=s c-0		4,243 (2018) 5,178 (2017) 4,676 (2016)	5,748 (2018) 6,149 (2017) 5,683 (2016)	2,565 (2018) 2,761 (2017) 2,765 (2016)	9				
Premature Death								L		
Premature Death Years of potential life lost before	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		8,400 (2017-19)	10,800 (2017-19)	5,400 (2017-19)					
age 75 per 100,000 population (age-adjusted)	west- virginia/2020/measure/outcomes/127/data? sort=sc-0		8,300 (2016-18) 8,000 (2015-17) 7,600 (2013-15) 7,700 (2012-14) 7,300 (2011-13)	10,800 (2016-18) 10,500 (2015-17) 9,800 (2013-15) 9,700 (2012-14) 9,700 (2011-13)	5,500 (2016-18) 5,500 (2016-18) 5,400 (2015-17) 5,300 (2013-15) 5,200 (2012-14) 5,200 (2011-13)	10				
Child death rate (Ages 1-19 per 100,000 children)	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/	1	22.1 (2015) 19.6 (2014) 19.6 (2013) 17.1 (2012) 47.9 (2005)	35.1 (2015) 33.7 (2014) 33.7 (2013) 32.2 (2012) 42.6 (2005)	25 (2018) 26 (2017) 26 (2016) 25 (2015) 24 (2014) 24 (2013) 25 (2012)	17	36			
Teen injury death rate (accident, homicide, suicide), Ages 15-19 per 100,000 teens	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/	1	Not available	51 (2019) 43 (2018) 45 (2017) 45 (2016) 37 (2015) 46 (2014)	36 (2019) 37 (2018) 39 (2017) 38 (2016) 36 (2015) 33 (2014)		39			
Chronic Diseases										
Cancer										
Death rate due to breast cancer (per 100,000 population)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	14.2 (2019) 12.3 (2018) 21.1 (2017) 19.3 (2016) 5.3 (2015) 21.2 (2014) 10.6 (2013)	15.9 (2019) 16.8 (2018) 16.6 (2017) 16.0 (2016) 15.3 (2015) 16.4 (2014) 15.3 (2013)	13.0 (2019) 13.1 (2018) 13.1 (2017) 13.0 (2016) 13.1 (2015) 13.1 (2014) 13.1 (2013)					
Death rate due to colorectal cancer (per 100,000 population) Compiled by CAMC Planning Department August 2020	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	14.2 (2019) 8.8 (2018) 17.6 (2017) 14.0 (2016) 8.8 (2015) 19.4 (2014) 10.6 (2013)	18.7 (2019) 20.3 (2018) 17.5 (2017) 20.8 (2016) 20.1 (2015) 20.0 (2014) 1 22.1 (2013)	16.1 (2019) 16.2 (2018) 16.4 (2017) 16.4 (2016) 16.5 (2015) 16.4 (2014) 16.5 (2013)					



August 2020

			7 10.80	31 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green= Yellow Red=\	Putnam County vs US =Better =Same Worse
Death rate due to lung and bronchus cancer (per 100,000 population)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	69.1 (2019) 70.6 (2018) 56.3 (2017) 56.2 (2016) 68.6 (2015) 81.0 (2014) 61.8 (2013)	73.2 (2019) 75.4 (2018) 73.8 (2017) 76.0 (2016) 80.6 (2015) 80.7 (2014) 77.6 (2013)	42.6 (2019) 43.5 (2018) 44.8 (2017) 46.1 (2016) 47.9 (2015) 48.8 (2014) 49.4 (2013)					
Death rate due to prostate cancer (per 100,000 population)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	12.4 (2019) 10.6 (2018) 15.8 (2017) 15.8 (2016) 12.3 (2015) 7.0 (2014) 5.3 (2013)	11.0 (2019) 9.9 (2018) 9.7 (2017) 11.1 (2016) 8.8 (2015) 9.8 (2014) 9.6 (2013)	9.6 (2019) 9.6 (2018) 9.4 (2017) 9.4 (2016) 9.0 (2015) 8.9 (2014) 8.8 (2013)					
Breast cancer incidence rate (female) (per 100,000)	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?	1	117.8 (2013-17) 127.2 (2009-13) 119.1 (2007-11) 107.8 (2006-10)	117.5 (2-13-17) 114.4 (2009-13) 110.5 (2007-11) 110.2 (2006-10)	125.9 (2013-17) 123.3 (2009-13) 122.7 (2007-11) 119.8 (2006-10)	34	8			
Cervical cancer incidence rate (per 100,000 population)	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?		Not available	9.2 (2013-17) 10.0 (2009-13) 10.2 (2007-11) 9.9 (2006-10)	7.6 (2013-17) 7.6 (2009-13) 7.8 (2007-11) 7.8 (2006-10)		46			
Colorectal cancer incidence rate (per 100,000 population)	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?		37.7 (2013-17) 38.0 (2009-13) 34.8 (2007-11) 34.8 (2006-10)	46.5 (2013-17) 47.0 (2009-13) 49.2 (2007-11) 50.1 (2006-10)	38.4 (2013-17) 40.6 (2009-13) 43.3 (2007-11) 43.9 (2006-10)	5	50			
Brain cancer incidence rate (per 100,000 population)	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?		11.7 (2013-17) 10.7 (2009-13) 7.0 (2007-11) 6.6 (2006-10)	7.2 (2013-17) 6.6 (2009-13) 6.9 (2007-11) 7.2 (2006-10)	6.5 (2013-17) 6.6 (2009-13) 6.7 (2007-11) 6.6 (2006-10)		44			
Bladder cancer incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?	-	23.5 (2013-17) 22.4 (2009-13) 24.3 (2007-11) 24.0 (2006-10)	22.4 (2013-17) 23.5 (2009-13) 23.1 (2007-11) 22.8 (2006-10)	20.0 (2013-17) 20.7 (2009-13) 20.9 (2007-11) 20.6 (2006-10)	40	41			
Melanoma of the skin incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?	1	29.3 (2013-17) 33.4 (2009-13) 35.2 (2007-11) 27.4 (2006-10)	21.4 (2013-17) 21.1 (2009-13) 20.6 (2007-11) 19.7 (2006-10)	22.3 (2013-17) 20.3 (2009-13) 19.7 (2007-11) 19.0 (2006-10)	52	16			
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?	1	21.0 (2013-17) 21.8 (2009-13) 21.6 (2007-11) 19.5 (2006-10)	19.2 (2013-17) 18.7 (2009-13) 19.6 (2007-11) 20.0 (2006-10)	19.3 (2013-17) 19.1 (2009-13) 19.3 (2007-11) 18.9 (2006-10)	43	32			
Ovarian cancer incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?		9.1 (2013-17) 10.8 (2009-13) 10.7 (2007-11) 10.5 (2006-10)	12.4 (2013-17) 12.7 (2009-13) 12.8 (2007-11) 12.7 (2006-10)	10.9 (2013-17) 11.6 (2009-13) 12.0 (2007-11) 12.0 (2006-10)		50			
Pancreatic cancer incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide ncerates/index.php?		10.4 (2013-17) 11.5 (2009-13) 11.2 (2007-11) 10.1 (2006-10)	12.1 (2013-17) 11.3 (2009-13) 10.7 (2007-11) 10.6 (2006-10)	12.9 (2013-17) 12.3 (2009-13) 12.1 (2007-11) 11.8 (2006-10)		13			

2



Man aged 40 - who have had a PSA test within the past two years				Augu	st 2020						
The property is a property in the past two years Descriptions statistical faces Description	Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	US	(of 55 WV	(of 50	Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable	County VS WV Green: Yellow	County VS US Better =Same
Processed Company Proc	Lung concer incidence rate	https://statecancerprofiles.cancer.gov/incide		70.0 (2012.17)	70.9 (2012.17)	ES 2 (2012 17)				neu-1	Total
Trial cancer incidence rate 18th of five foreign comparison of the comparison of	Lung cancer incidence rate					· ·					
Treat cancer incidence rate					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		28	51			
13.4 (2003-13) 13.4						, ,					
14, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		https://statesanserprofiles.canser.gov/incide				·	_				
1.4.1 (2007-11) 1.1.2 (200	Oral cancer incidence rate				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
1.2.4 2006-10 1.1.4 2006-10 1.1.6 200						· ·		49			
### April (2013) 22.4 (2013-17) 13.2 (2010-17) 13.2 (2013-17) 13.2						· ·					
111.13 2009-13 10.6 (2009-13 13.2 2009-13 200											
132.4 (2007-13) 132.8 (2007-13) 132.8 (2007-13) 132.8 (2007-13) 132.8 (2007-13) 132.8 (2007-13) 133.8 (200	Prostate cancer incidence rate				· ·	· · · · · ·					
33.4 (200-1) 33.4		necrates/index.pnp:				· · · · · ·	32	9			
Clarge Screenings					· · · · ·						
Man aged 40 - who have had a PSA test within the past two years past t				134.8 (2006-10)	131.8 (2006-10)	143.8 (2006-10)					
A S No. 10.16 A S No. 1	Cancer Screenings										
As SN (2016) As SN (2011) As S	Men aged 40+ who have had a PSA test within the	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		44.5% (2018)	38.4% (2018)	33.2% (2018)					
A 2.9% (2014) A 4.9% (2014	past two years			45.8% (2016)	42.8% (2016)	39.7% (2016)					
47.3% (2012) 48.1% (2012) 5.2% (2010)	1			47.2% (2014)	44.9% (2014)	42.8% (2014)					
S.2.4% (2010) S.2.4% (2010	I			47.3% (2012)	48.1% (2012)	45.2% (2012)					
Colon cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - Who have had a blood stool test within past year Colon cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had a blood stool test within past year Colon cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had aloo a colon cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer screening - Adults aged 50 - 75 who had cancer scre	Area.)			53.2% (2010)	52.4% (2010)	53.2% (2010)					
1	Colon cancer screening – Adults aged 50+ who have	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		, ,	, ,	,					
12.0% (2016) 10.0% (2014) 10.0	, ,		1	6.9% (2018)	9.7% (2018)	8.9% (2018)					
Area.	· · ·			12.0% (2016)	10.0% (2016)	7.9% (2016)					
Colon cancer screening - Adults aged 50-75 who had blook colonoscopy in the past ten years Colonoscopy in the past tree years Colonoscopy in the year Colonoscopy in the past tree years C	Tr.			10.0% (2014)	10.3% (2014)	8.0% (2014)					
T1.6% (2018) G3.9% (2016) G3.9% (2018) G3.9	,										
Gold based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area. Gold Data State Gold	Colon cancer screening – Adults aged 50-75 who had	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/									
Mammogram history - Women aged 40+ who have had a mammogram within past 2 years (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.) 72.5% (2016) 72.5% (2010)	colonoscopy in the past ten years			71.6% (2018)	63.9% (2018)	64.3% (2018)					
T2.5% (2018) T1.5% (2018) T2.5% (2018) T2.5% (2018) T2.5% (2016) T2.5% (2012) T3.5% (2012) T3.5% (2012) T4.5% (2012) T5.5% (2016) T5.5	(Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical			69.1% (2016)	63.3% (2016)	63.3% (2016)					
T2.5% (2018) T1.5% (2018) T2.5% (2018) T2.5% (2018) T2.5% (2016) T2.5% (2012) T3.5% (2012) T3.5% (2012) T4.5% (2012) T5.5% (2016) T5.5	Area.)										
Transport Tran	,	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		72 6% (2018)	71 1% (2018)	71.8% (2018)					
Contained on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.]			1		, ,						
Area.											
Mammogram screening Percent of female Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 that received an annual mammography screening (Definition change in 2016) 39% (2018) 39% (2017) 50% (2017) 22 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2018) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2018) 39% (2018) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2018) 39% (2018) 39% (2017) 39% (2017) 39% (2018) 39% (2	· ·				, ,						
Mammogram screening (Percent of female Medicare enrollees aged 65-74 that received an annual mammography screening) 39% (2018) 39% (2018) 39% (2017) 50% (2017) 43% (2016) 38% (2016) 49% (2018) 39% (2017) 43% (2016) 38% (2016) 49	Area.)										
22 39% (2018 39% (2018 39% (2018 39% (2018 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2017 39% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2014 38% (2014 38% (2014 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2014 38% (2016 38% (2016 38% (2014	Mammagram screening (Paysant of famala Madisana	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/	_	01.7/0 (2010)	12.3/0 (2010)	7 3.2/0 (2010)	+				
Age Color		west-		39% (2018)	39% (2018)	51% (2018)					
Ask (2016) Ask (2018) Ask (2016) Ask (2018) Ask (2016) Ask (2018) Ask (2016) Ask	_	virginia/2020/measure/factors/50/data?sort		· · ·			22				
Definition change in 2016 PAP test history - Women aged 21-65 who have had a pap test in the past three years (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	5 . , 5.	<u>=sc-0</u>									
Solution Solution Statistical Solution Statistical Solution Sol	(Definition change in 2016)			,,	,,	,,					
83.4% (2016) 79.5% (2016) 82.5% (2014)	PAP test history - Women aged 21-65 who have had	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/									
83.4% (2016) 79.5% (2016) 80.3% (2014) 82.5% (2014)	a pap test in the past three years				, ,	· · ·					
Diabetes Prevalence among adults 18+ http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/BR FSS.asp. 10.1% (2018) 15.2% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 11.1% (2016) 11.1% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2014) 11.6% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 10.3% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Not available Not available Not available Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment Not available	1				, ,						
Diabetes Prevalence among adults 18+ http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/BR FSS.asp. 10.1% (2018) 15.2% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 11.1% (2016) 15.0% (2016) 11.1% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) 10.3% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Not available Not availab	The second secon			78.4% (2014)	80.3% (2014)	82.5% (2014)					
Diabetes Prevalence among adults 18+ http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/BR FSS.asp 10.1% (2018) 15.2% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 11.1% (2016) 15.0% (2016) 11.1% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 10.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment 10.1% (2018) 16.2% (2018) 11.4% (2018) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2016) 10.8% (2016) 10.5% (2015) 10.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 10.9% (2013) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2016) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 10.9% (2016) 10.9% (2016) 10.9% (2014) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2014) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2015) 10.9% (2014) 10.9% (2015) 1	,										
10.7% (2017) 15.2% (2017) 10.9% (2017) 11.1% (2016) 11.1% (2016) 11.1% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) 10.3		http://www.wordhhr.org/hah/hse/statees/PR		10.10/ (2010)	16 30/ /3040\	11 40/ /2010\	1				
10.7% (2017) 11.1% (2016) 11.1% (2015) 11.1% (2015) 11.1% (2015) 10.6% (2014) 11.1% (2015) 10.6% (2014) 11.1% (2013) 11.3% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available	Diabetes Prevalence among adults 18+										
11.1% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 10.5% (2015) 10.5% (2015) 10.5% (2014) 10.5% (2014) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Not available Not available Not available Not available					· · ·						
10.6% (2014) 14.1% (2014) 10.5% (2014) 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment 10.6% (2014) 14.1% (2014) 10.5% (2014) 10.3% (2013) 10.3% (2013) 10.3% (2013) Proposition of thickness of the public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Not available Not available Not available Not available Not available					· · ·						
Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1 Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment 11.6% (2013) 13.0% (2013) 10.3% (2013) 938 (2014-15) 935 (2012-13) Not available Not available											
Diabetes (Number of children attending public https://wwde.state.wv.us/healthyschools/sec tion6/WVCSN.htm 938 (2014-15) 935 (2012-13) 850 (2010-11) Not available Not available											
Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment tion6/WVCSN.htm tion6/WVCSN.htm Not available Not available Not available Not available				11.6% (2013)	, ,	10.3% (2013)					
Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment Not available Not available Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment	Diabetes (Number of children attending public										.
Source: WV School Nurse Needs Assessment	schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 1	tiono/ w vesiv.ittiii		Not available		Not available					.
788 (2008-09)	Source:WV School Nurse Needs Assessment										.
					788 (2008-09)						



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green: Yellow Red=1	
Diabetes (Number of children attending public schools in WV - Pre K-12) Type 2 Source:WV School Nurse Needs Assessment	https://wvde.state.wv.us/healthyschools/sec tion6/WVCSN.htm	1	Not available	254 (2014-15) 236 (2012-13) 238 (2010-11) 189 (2008-09)	Not available					
Diabetes (Ever told you had a Diabetes) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	15.6% (2019) 17.2% (2018) 19.2% (2017) 14.6% (2016) 17.4% (2015) 15.6%(2014) 14.9% (2013)	15.7% (2019) 16.2% (2018) 15.2% (2017) 15.0% (2016) 14.5% (2015) 14.1%(2014) 13.0% (2013)	10.8% (2019) 11.0% (2018) 10.5% (2017) 10.5% (2016) 10.0% (2015) 10.1% (2014) 9.8% (2013)					
Heart Disease and Stroke			14.5% (2015)	13.070 (2013)	5.6% (2013)	<u>I</u>				
Heart Attack (Ever told you had a Heart Attach) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	7.9% (2019) 8.8% (2018) 6.5% (2017) 8.3% (2016) 7.4 % (2015) 8.6% (2014) 7.1% (2013)	8.3% (2019) 8.6% (2018) 7.5% (2017) 7.5% (2016) 7.0% (2015) 7.4%(2014) 7.8% (2013)	4.3% (2019) 4.6% (2018) 4.2% (2017) 4.4% (2016) 4.2% (2015) 4.4% (2014) 4.3% (2013)					
Angina/Coronary Heart Disease (Ever told you had a Angina/Coronary Heart Disease) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	8.7% (2019) 10.9% (2018) 7.7% (2017) 8.5% (2016) 7.0% (2015) 9.3% (2014) 8.0% (2013)	7.6% (2019) 8.3% (2018) 7.4% (2017) 8.0% (2016) 7.4% (2015) 7.8% (2014) 7.5% (2013)	3.9% (2019) 4.3% (2018) 3.9% (2017) 4.1% (2016) 3.9% (2015) 4.2% (2014) 4.1% (2013)					\otimes
Stroke (Ever told you had a Stroke) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	5.5% (2019) 5.5% (2018) 6.5% (2017) 4.4% (2016) 5.2% (2015) 5.8% (2014) 5.0% (2013)	5.1% (2019) 4.8% (2018) 4.8% (2017) 4.4% (2016) 4.8% (2015) 4.6% (2014) 3.9% (2013)	3.2% (2019) 3.4% (2018) 3.0% (2017) 3.0% (2016) 2.9% (2015) 3.0% (2014) 2.8% (2013)					
Hypertension (Adults who have been told they have high blood pressure) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	48.8% (2019) 45.0% (2017) 43.3% (2015) 43.4% (2013) 39.0% (2011) 39.5% (2009)	43.8% (2019) 43.5% (2017) 42.7% (2015) 41.0% (2013) 37.0% (2011) 37.6%(2009)	32.3% (2019) 32.3% (2017) 30.9% (2015) 31.4% (2013) 30.8% (2011) 28.7%(2009)					\otimes
Death rate due to cardiovasular disease (per 100,000) (CDC Wonder for US rates)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	264.0 (2019) 254.0 (2018) 251.8 (2017) 265.2 (2016) 179.4 (2015) 193.8 (2014)	283.5 (2019) 277.8 (2018) 268.0 (2017) 260.1 (2016) 255.1 (2015) 253.4 (2014)	200.8 (2019) 200.3 (2018) 198.9 (2017) 196.6 (2016) 197.2 (2015) 192.7 (2014)					
Death rate due to stroke (per 100,000) (CDC Wonder for US rates)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	178.3 (2013) 63.8 (2019) 38.8 (2018) 56.3 (2017) 54.4 (2016) 58.0 (2015) 37.0 (2014)	252.0 (2013) 57.4 (2019) 54.8 (2018) 58.3 (2017) 56.7 (2016) 58.0 (2015) 59.4 (2014)	193.3 (2013) 45.7 (2019) 45.2 (2018) 44.9 (2017) 44.0 (2016) 43.7 (2015) 41.7 (2014)					
compiled by CAMC Planning Department August 2020			49.4 (2013)	₄ 53.2 (2013)	40.8 (2013)					



August 2020 **Putnam Putnam Putnam County** County County Rank Rank Trend Indicator Data Link **Putnam County** wv (of 55 WV (of 50 wv Counties) States) Cholesterol ttps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 93.1% (2019) 88.1% (2019) 86.6% (2019) Cholesterol checked last 5 years 90.6% (2017) 86.7% (2017) 85.9% (2017) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 83.7% (2015) 82.3% (2015) 77.7% (2015) Area.) 82.3% (2013) 78.7% (2013) 76.4% (2013) 80.5% (2011) 80.7% (2011) 75.5% (2011) Cholesterol never checked (Q: last 5 yrs) ttps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 5.8% (2019) 8.0% (2019) 8.6 % (2019) 6.5% (2017) 8.9% (2017) 9.2% (2017) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 13.7% (2015) 14.5% (2015) 18.7% (2015) Area.) 12.5% (2013) 17.9% (2013) 20.1% (2013) 15.9% (2011) 16.9% (2011) 21.5% (2011) ttps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 41.5% (2019) 39.5% (2019) 33.1% (2019) **High Cholesterol** 43.3% (2017) 39.7% (2017) 33.0% (2017) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 41.7% (2015) 39.0% (2015) 36.4%(2015) Area.) 41.9% (2013) 42.9% (2013) 38.4% (2013) 43.9% (2011) 40.5% (2011) 38.3% (2011) **Respiratory Disease** ittps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 11.8% (2019) 11.5% (2019) 9.7% (2019) Adults with asthma 11.6% (2018) 12.3% (2018) 9.5% (2018) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 9.8% (2017) 12.7% (2017) 9.4% (2017) Area.) 10.8% (2016) 11.8% (2016) 9.1% (2016) 8.8% (2015) 10.9% (2015) 9.2% (2015) 8.9% (2014) 11.0% (2014) 8.9% (2014) 7.9% (2013) 9.0% (2013) 9.0% (2013) **Arthritis** ttps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 41.0% (2019) 41.3% (2019) 25.8% (2019) Arthritis - Adults who have been told they have 38.6% (2018) 40.1% (2018) 26.1% (2018) arthritis 41.0% (2017) 39.2% (2017) 24.8% (2017) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 39.7% (2016) 38.9% (2016) 25.5% (2016) Area.) 39.1% (2015) 38.0% (2015) 24.7% (2015) 41.5% (2014) 40.0% (2014) 26.0% (2014) **Communicable Diseases and Immunizations** os://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ 76.1% (2019) 73.6% (2019) 73.1% (2019) Pneumonia vaccination rate 65+ 78.4% (2018) 73.0% (2018) 73.4% (2018) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 73.4% (2017) 73.7% (2017) 75.3% (2017) Area.) 80.8% (2016) 72.7% (2016) 73.4% (2016) 75.1% (2015) 70.1% (2015) 72.5% (2015) 67.7% (2014) 73.8% (2014) 70.3% (2014) 71.5% (2013) 69.5% (2013) 69.4% (2013) https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ Influenza vaccination rate 65+ 69.1% (2019) 64.8% (2019) 64.0% (2019) 70.4% (2018) 63.5% (2018) 54.9% (2018) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 71.9% (2017) 67.1% (2017) 60.3% (2017) Area.) 75.3% (2016) 67.5% (2016) 58.2% (2016) 74.6% (2015) 69.1% (2015) 61.3% (2015) 73.1% (2014) 69.8% (2014) 60.8% (2014) 79.0% (2013) 73.9% (2013) 62.6% (2013) ttps://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/ Shingle vaccination 29.3% (2017) 28.0% (2017) 28.6% (2017) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical 21.2% (2014) 18.5% (2014) 21.7% (2014) Area.)



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green: Yellow Red=1	
Death by Influenza/Pnemonia (per 100,000)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All		10.6 (2019)	22.2 (2019)	15.2 (2019)					
	Pub.asp?ID=01		22.9 (2018)	29.9 (2018)	18.1 (2018)					
			17.6 (2017)	25.3 (2017)	17.1 (2017)					
			19.3 (2016)	23.0 (2016)	15.9 (2016)					
			36.9 (2015)	28.4 (2015)	17.8 (2015)					
			22.9 (2014)	25.5 (2014)	17.3 (2014)					
			22.9 (2013)	26.0 (2013)	18.0 (2013)					
Chlamydia (per 100,000)	https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/nchhstpatlas/tables		114.5 (2018)	198.2 (2018)	539.9 (2018)					A
	.html		135.6 (2017)	228.0 (2017)	524.6 (2017)					√
			158.8 (2016)	263.6 (2016)	494.2 (2016)					24
			125.4 (2015)	269.5 (2015)	475.5 (2015)					
			146.2 (2014)	255.0 (2014)	452.2 (2014)					
Gonorrhea rate (per 100,000)	https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/nchhstpatlas/tables		38.7 (2018)	62.9 (2018)	179.1 (2018)					A
	. <u>html</u>		47.5 (2017)	71.4 (2017)	170.6 (2017)					4
			17.6 (2016)	50.3 (2016)	144.9 (2016)					W
			17.7 (2015)	41.8 (2015)	123.1 (2015)					
			14.1 (2014)	45.5 (2014)	109.8 (2014)					
Early Syphilis (per 100,000)	https://gis.cdc.gov/grasp/nchhstpatlas/tables		1.8 (2018)	3.0 (2018)	11.8 (2018)					A
	.html		0.0 (2017)	1.9 (2017)	10.4 (2017)					
			5.3 (2016)	2.8 (2016)	8.9 (2016)					M
			0.0 (2015)	2.2 (2015)	7.5 (2015)					
			0.0 (2014)	1.2 (2014)	6.1 (2014)					
Family Planning										
Teen birth rate	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		16 (2013-19)	31 (2013-19)	12 (2013-19)					
Teen births are reported as the number of births per	west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/14/data?sort		19 (2012-18)	34 (2012-18)	13 (2012-18)					
1,000 female population, ages 15-19.	=sc-0		21 (2011-17)	36 (2011-17)	14 (2011-17)	3				
-your remains population, ages 15 15:			25 (2010-16)	39 (2010-16)	15 (2010-16)	3				
			30 (2008-14)	44 (2008-14)	17 (2008-14)					
			32 (2007-13)	45 (2007-13)	19 (2007-13)					
Teen birth rate	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/				17 (2018)					
Teen births are reported as the number of births per	•		22.8 (2015)	37.4 (2015)	19 (2017)					
1,000 female population, ages 15-19.			27.5 (2014)	40.6 (2014)	20 (2016)					
,, habananan, 2000			27.5 (2014)	40.6 (2014)	22 (2015)	9	43			
			30.3 (2012)	42.3 (2012)	24 (2014)		7.5			
			32.7 (2011)	45.3 (2011)	26 (2013)					
			32.7 (2011)	45.5 (2011)	29.0 (2012)					
					31.0 (2011)					
Maternal, fetal, and infant health				1						
Births to women receiving late or no prenatal care	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/			6% (2019)	6% (2019)					
				7% (2018)	6% (2018)					
			Not available	7% (2017)	6% (2017)		33			
				6% (2016)	6% (2016)		33			
				5% (2015)	6% (2015)					
				6% (2014)	6% (2014)					
Low birthweight (Percent of births under 2,500	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west-		7.0% (2013-19)	9.0% (2013-19)	6.0% (2013-19)					
grams weight)	west- virginia/2020/measure/outcomes/37/data?s		7.0% (2012-18)	9.0% (2012-18)	6.0% (2012-18)					
	ort=sc-0		8.0% (2011-17)	9.0% (2011-17)	6.0% (2011-17)	1				
			7.0% (2010-16)	9.0% (2010-16)	6.0% (2010-16)	1				
			8.0% (2008-14)	9.0% (2008-14)	6.0% (2008-14)					
			8.0% (2007-13)	9.0% (2007-13)	6.0% (2007-13)					



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	US	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green= Yellow Red=V	=Same
Percent Low Birth Weight babies	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		7.6% (2015) 7.3% (2014) 7.3% (2013) 7.5% (2012) 8.1% (2011)	9.4% (2015) 9.4% (2014) 9.4% (2013) 9.4% (2012) 9.3% (2011)	8.3% (2018) 8.3% (2017) 8.2% (2016) 8.1% (2015) 8.0% (2014) 8.0% (2013) 8.0% (2012)	11	42			
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live births	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		6.9 (2015) 7.6 (2014) 7.6 (2013) 5.4 (2012) 4.9 (2011)	7.2 (2015) 7.2 (2014) 7.2 (2013) 9.3 (2012) 7.4 (2011)	5.7 (2018) 5.8 (2017) 5.9 (2016) 5.9 (2015) 5.8 (2014) 6.0 (2013) 6.0 (2012) 6.1 (2011)	27	47			
Births to mothers with less than a 12th grade education	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		8.2% (2015) 8.5% (2014) 9.7% (2012) 12.0% (2011) 12.6% (2010)	14.7% (2015) 15.7% (2014) 16.3% (2012) 18.0% (2011) 18.5% (2010)	13% (2018) 13% (2017) 14% (2016) 15% (2015) 15% (2014) 17% (2012) 18% (2011) 20% (2010)	2	30			
Mental Health and Mental Disorders					· · · ·	•	'			
Poor mental health days - Average number of mentally unhealth days reporting in past 20 days (age-adjusted)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- yirginia/2020/measure/outcomes/42/data?s ort=sc-0		5.2 (2018) 4.9 (2017) 4.9 (2016) 4.6 (2015) 4.3 (2014) 3.6 (2006-12)	5.8 (2018) 5.5 (2017) 5.2 (2016) 4.8 (2015) 4.7 (2014) 4.4 (2006-12)	3.8 (2018) 3.4 (2017) 3.1 (2016) 3.0 (2015) 2.8 (2014) 2.4 (2006-12)	1				
Death rate due Alzheimer's Disease (per 100,000)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01		65.5 (2019) 52.9 (2018) 49.3 (2017) 59.7 (2016) 52.8 (2015) 29.9 (2014) 37.1 (2013)	46.3 (2019) 43.8 (2018) 42.5 (2017) 42.8 (2016) 40.0 (2015) 33.6 (2014) 31.8 (2013)	37.0 (2019) 37.3 (2018) 37.3 (2017) 35.9 (2016) 34.4 (2015) 29.3 (2014) 26.8 (2013)					\otimes
Death rate due to intentional self-harm (per 100,000)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01	1	14.2 (2019) 15.9 (2018) 28.2 (2017) 19.3 (2016) 7.0 (2015) 8.8 (2014) 14.1 (2013)	18.6 (2019) 22.4 (2018) 21.8 (2017) 19.8 (2016) 18.4 (2015) 19.5 (2014) 17.5 (2013)	14.5 (2019) 14.8 (2018) 14.5 (2017) 13.9 (2016) 13.7 (2015) 13.4 (2014) 13.0 (2013)					
Nutrition, Physical Activity and Weight						_				
Adults overweight (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		32.9% (2019) 32.6% (2018) 34.9% (2017) 34.0% (2016) 32.2% (2015) 34.9% (2014) 38.4% (2013)	32.3% (2019) 32.5% (2018) 33.6% (2017) 33.3% (2016) 35.5% (2015) 34.0% (2014) 33.7% (2013)	34.6% (2019) 34.9% (2018) 35.3% (2017) 35.3% (2016) 35.5% (2015) 35.4% (2014) 35.4% (2013)					



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	US	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green: Yellow Red=	Putnam County vs US -Better =Same Norse
Adults who are obese	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		38.8% (2019)	39.7% (2019)	32.4% (2019)					
(Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical			42.6% (2018)	39.5% (2018)	30.9% (2018)					
-			40.6% (2017)	38.1% (2017)	31.6% (2017)					
Area.)		•	37.3% (2016)	37.7% (2016)	30.1% (2016)					
			38.2% (2015)	35.6% (2015)	29.8% (2015)					
			34.6% (2014)	35.7% (2014)	29.5% (2014)					
			34.4% (2013)	35.1% (2013)	28.9% (2013)					
Obesity Among WIC Participants Ages 2-4	http://stateofobesity.org/wic/			16.5% (2018)	14.4% (2018)					
				16.6% (2016)	13.9% (2016)					
			Not available	16.4% (2014)	14.5% (2014)		47			
				14.1% (2012)	15.2% (2012)					
				14.4% (2010)	15.9% (2010)					
Children who are obese (5th grade students)	http://www.cardiacwv.org/index.php?pid=9		23% (2016-17)	28.4% (2016-17)						
			24% (2015-16)	29.2% (2015-16)						
			29% (2014-15)	28.8% (2014-15)	Not available					
			28% (2013-14)	30.2% (2013-14)						
			22% (2012-13)	28.2% (2012-13)						
Children who are overweight (5th grade students)	http://www.cardiacwv.org/index.php?pid=9		21% (2016-17)	18.4% (2016-17)						
			16% (2015-16)	18.4% (2015-16)						
			20% (2014-15)	18.4% (2014-15)	Not available					
			24% (2013-14)	18.1% (2013-14)						
			18% (2012-13)	18.7% (2012-13)						
High School Students who are overweight	https://nccd.cdc.gov/youthonline/App/Result			16.5 (2019)	16.1 (2019)					
	<u>s.aspx</u>			16.0 (2017)	15.6 (2017)					
			Not available	17.0 (2015)	16.0 (2015)		44			
				15.5 (2013)	16.6 (2013)					
				15.7 (2011)	15.2 (2011)					
High School Students who are obese	https://nccd.cdc.gov/youthonline/App/Result s.aspx			22.9 (2019)	15.5 (2019)					
	<u>s.aspx</u>			19.5 (2017)	14.8 (2017)					
			Not available	17.9 (2015)	13.9 (2015)		54			
				15.6 (2013)	13.7 (2013)					
				14.6 (2011)	13.0 (2011)					
Consumed fruit one or more times per day	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		54.7% (2019)	53.7% (2019)	60.2% (2019)					
(Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical			54.7% (2017)	55.1% (2017)	63.2% (2017)					
Area.)			51.7% (2015)	50.1% (2015)	59.9% (2015)					
Consumed week-blooms are surely than	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		51.9% (2013)	54.0% (2013)	60.8% (2013)					
Consumed vegetables one or more times per day	p.s., / www.coc.gov/ urras/urrasprevalence/		77.5% (2019)	80.2% (2019)	79.6% (2019)					
(Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical			81.9% (2017)	81.7% (2017)	81.9% (2017)					
Area.)			74.4% (2015)	73.5% (2015)	77.7% (2015)					
			75.8% (2013)	75.8% (2013)	76.9% (2013)					
Access to exercise opportunities	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		67% (2010&2019)	59% (2010&2019)	91% (2010&2019)					
	west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/132/data?sor		62% (2010&2018)	60% (2010&2018)	91% (2010&2018)	17				
	<u>t=sc-0</u>		63% (2010&2016)	63% (2010&2016)	91% (2010&2016)					
Physical Inactivity (Percent of adults age 20+	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		23% (2017)	28% (2017)	19% (2017)					
reporting no leisure time physical activity.)	west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/70/data?sort		26% (2016)	29% (2016)	20% (2016)					
	=sc-0		24% (2015)	28% (2015)	19% (2015)	8				
			26% (2014)	29% (2014)	20% (2014)					
			26% (2013)	29% (2013)	19% (2013)					



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County vs WV Green- Yellow	=Same
Adults engaging in any physical activities. (Any physical activity during the past month.) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	72.5% (2019) 71.5% (2018) 70.9% (2017) 74.6% (2016) 66.1% (2015) 72.3% (2014) 66.6% (2013)	68.9% (2019) 71.8% (2018) 68.4% (2017) 71.5% (2016) 69.2% (2015) 71.3% (2014) 68.6% (2013)	73.6% (2019) 76.2% (2018) 74.3% (2017) 76.7% (2016) 73.8% (2015) 76.8% (2014) 74.5% (2013)				Red=V	lorse
Participated in 150 minutes or more of Aerobic Physical Activity per week (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	49.5% (2019) 49.1% (2017) 43.4% (2015) 45.8% (2013)	47.2% (2019) 48.1% (2017) 48.0% (2015) 47.6% (2013)	49.9% (2019) 50.2% (2017) 51.0% (2015) 50.5% (2013)					
Participated in enough Aerobic and Muscle Strengthening exercises to meet guidelines (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	18.8% (2019) 15.1% (2017) 12.4% (2015) 11.0% (2013) 27.8% (2019)	17.1% (2019) 15.1% (2017) 13.8% (2015) 12.7% (2013) 26.1% (2019)	22.8% (2019) 20.3% (2017) 20.3% (2015) 20.4% (2013) 35.7% (2019)					
Participated in muscle strengthening exercises two or more times per week (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	nttps://www.cac.gov/ortss/ortssprevalence/		25.2% (2017) 25.2% (2017) 21.6% (2015) 17.3% (2013) 21.1% (2011)	22.7% (2017) 22.7% (2017) 20.9% (2015) 18.6% (2013) 20.2% (2011)	30.2% (2017) 30.2% (2015) 29.8% (2013) 29.6% (2011)					
Oral Health Adults who visited a dentist (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	57.2% (2018) 60.2% (2016) 60.5% (2014) 62.3% (2012) 62.7% (2010)	55.4% (2018) 57.6% (2016) 54.2% (2014) 56.4% (2012) 60.5% (2010)	67.6% (2018) 66.3% (2016) 65.3% (2014) 67.2% (2012) 69.7% (2010)					
Substance Abuse and Tobacco Use				()						
Adult binge plus heavy drinking - Binge drinkers (males having five or more drinks on 1 occasion, females having four or more drinks on 1 occasion) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	14.4% (2019) 12.0% (2018) 11.5% (2017) 12.7% (2016) 9.3% (2015) 9.8% (2014) 13.8% (2013)	12.4% (2019) 12.1% (2018) 11.5% (2017) 11.3% (2016) 10.6% (2015) 9.6% (2014) 11.2% (2013)	16.8% (2019) 16.2% (2018) 17.4% (2017) 16.9% (2016) 16.3% (2015) 16.0% (2014) 16.8% (2013)					
Alcohol-Impaired Driving (BAC08+)Fatalities (Fatalities per 100,000 Population) Contact WV Governor's Highway Program for additional information	https://cdan.nhtsa.gov/stsi.htm#	1	5.31 (2019) 1.77 (2018) 7.06 (2017) 1.76 (2016) 0.00 (2015) 7.06 (2014)	0.29 (2019) 0.30 (2018) 0.38 (2017) 0.35 (2016) 0.36 (2015) 0.44 (2014)	0.31 (2019) 0.33 (2018) 0.34 (2017) 0.35 (2016) 0.33 (2015) 0.33 (2014)					
Death rate due to motor vehicle injuries (per 100,000 population)	http://www.wvdhhr.org/bph/hsc/statserv/All Pub.asp?ID=01		31.9 (2019) 15.9 (2018) 12.3 (2017) 21.1 (2016) 8.8 (2015) 28.2 (2014) 12.4 (2013)	18.4 (2019) 18.4 (2018) 18.6 (2017) 16.2 (2016) 16.5 (2015) 17.6 (2014) 17.9 (2013)	11.9 (2019) 12.0 (2018) 12.4 (2017) 12.5 (2016) 11.7 (2015) 11.1 (2014) 11.2 (2013)				\otimes	\otimes



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green= Yellow Red=V	
Motor vehicle crash death rate (Per 100,000 population)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/39/data?sort =sc-0		16 (2013-19) 15 (2012-18) 15 (2011-17) 15 (2010-16) 16 (2009-15) 15 (2007-13)	16 (2013-19) 16 (2012-18) 17 (2011-17) 16 (2010-16) 17 (2009-15) 18 (2007-13)	Not available	18				
Adult Smoking (Percentage of adults who are current smokers)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/39/data?sort =sc-0		22% (2018) 20% (2017) 18% (2016) 20% (2015) 19% (2014)	27% (2018) 26% (2017) 25% (2016) 26% (2015) 27% (2014)	16% (2018) 14% (2017) 14% (2016) 14% (2015) 14% (2014)	3				
Adults who have never smoked (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	51.2% (2019) 49.7% (2018) 49.9% (2017) 47.7% (2016) 48.9% (2015) 48.2% (2014) 49.8% (2013)	49.9% (2019) 50.6% (2018) 47.8% (2017) 48.9% (2016) 49.4% (2015) 46.6% (2014) 48.4% (2013)	58.8% (2019) 57.9% (2018) 58.2% (2017) 57.2% (2016) 56.5% (2015) 55.9% (2014) 55.0% (2013)					
Smokeless Tobacco Use: Do you currently use chewing tobacco, snuff or snus? Response is "Not at all" (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	89.3% (2019) 92.1% (2018) 91.7% (2017) 93.8% (2016) 90.6% (2015) 92.5% (2014) 94.4% (2013)	91.8% (2019) 91.7% (2018) 91.7% (2017) 91.5% (2016) 90.7% (2015) 91.5% (2014) 90.6% (2013)	95.8% (2019) 95.8% (2018) 96.0% (2017) 96.0% (2016) 96.0% (2015) 95.8% (2014) 95.7% (2013)					
E-Cigarette User Status: Never used E-cigarettes (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	73.5% (2017) 76.1% (2016)	74.6% (2017) 76.9% (2016)	79.3% (2017) 78.1% (2016)					
All Drugs - Overdose Counts by Drug Type	https://dhhr.wv.gov/office-of-drug-control- policy/datadashboard/Pages/default.aspx		21 (2020) 12 (2019) 21 (2018) 33 (2017) 13 (2016) 10 (2015)	2191 (2020) 877 (2019) 909 (2018) 1,019 (2017) 890 (2016) 735 (2015)	Not available					
Drug Overdose Deaths (Number of drug poisoning deaths per 100,000 population)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- yirginia/2020/measure/factors/138/data?sor Lsc-3	1	80 (2017-19) 77 (2016-18) 72 (2015-17) 49 (2014-16) 42 (2013-15)	50 (2017-19) 50 (2016-18) 47 (2015-17) 40 (2014-16) 35 (2013-15)	Not available					
Economy Unemployment (Percentage of population ages 16 and older unemployed but seeking work)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/23/map?sort =sc-0	1	4.3% (2019) 4.9% (2018) 4.7% (2017) 4.8% (2016) 5.5% (2015)	4.9% (2019) 5.3% (2018) 5.2% (2017) 6.0% (2016) 6.7% (2015)	2.6% (2019) 2.6% (2018) 2.9% (2017) 3.2% (2016) 3.3% (2015)	8				
Children in Poverty (Percentage of persons under age 18)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/24/data?sort =sc-0		11% (2019) 13% (2018) 12% (2017) 13% (2016) 13% (2015) 13% (2014)	21% (2019) 23% (2018) 24% (2017) 24% (2016) 25% (2015) 25% (2014)	10% (2019) 11% (2018) 11% (2017) 12% (2016) 12% (2015) 13% (2014)	1				



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Putnam County VS WV Green Yellow Red=1	Putnam County vs US -Better -Same
Percent Children in Poverty	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/				18% (2018)				Reu-	worse
recent children in roverty		1	13.0% (2015) 14.6% (2014) 14.6% (2013) 14.4% (2012) 14.0% (2010)	24.7% (2015) 26.3% (2014) 26.3% (2013) 25.1% (2012) 25.7% (2010)	18% (2017) 19% (2016) 21% (2015) 22% (2014) 22% (2013) 23% (2012)	1	47			
Families living below poverty rate	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/		9.3% (2019)	21.0% (2019)	15.1% (2019)				A	
(with related children under 18 years)			8.4% (2018) 8.0% (2017) 9.8% (2016) 10.1% (2015) 11.6% (2014)	21.6% (2018) 21.9% (2017) 21.8% (2016) 22.2% (2015) 22.5% (2014)	15.7% (2018) 15.0% (2017) 15.9% (2016) 17.1% (2015) 18.0% (2014)				*	
People living below poverty rate	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/		9.8% (2019)	17.6% (2019)	13.4% (2019)					
respic tiving selow poverty rate			9.2% (2018) 9.3% (2017) 9.8% (2016) 9.8% (2015) 10.1% (2014)	17.8% (2018) 17.8% (2017) 17.7% (2016) 18.0% (2015) 18.1% (2014)	14.1% (2018) 14.6% (2017) 15.1% (2016) 15.5% (2015) 15.6% (2014)					
People over 65 living below poverty rate	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/		8.4% (2019) 8.4% (2018) 9.1% (2017)	9.5% (2019) 9.4% (2018) 9.2% (2017)	9.3% (2019) 9.3% (2018) 9.3% (2017)					
			8.0% (2016) 6.4% (2015) 5.6% (2014)	9.0% (2016) 9.1% (2015) 9.4% (2014)	9.3% (2016) 9.4% (2015) 9.4% (2014)					
Homeownership rate (Owner occupied)	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/		81.8% (2019) 82.3% (2018) 81.3% (2017) 82.0% (2016) 82.9% (2015) 83.0% (2014)	73.2% (2019) 72.9% (2018) 72.7% (2017) 72.5% (2016) 72.5% (2015) 73.0% (2014)	64.0% (2019) 63.8% (2018) 63.8% (2017) 63.6% (2016) 63.9% (2015) 64.4% (2014)					
Percent SNAP participants	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		Not available	92% (2017) 97% (2016) 96% (2015) 86% (2014) 78% (2013)	84% (2017) 85% (2016) 83% (2015) 83% (2014) 85% (2013)		39			
Percent of children eligible for free lunch	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/65/data?sort =sc-0	1	45% (2018-19) 45% (2017-18) 39% (2016-17) 44% (2015-16) 39% (2014-15) 33% (2012-13)	50% (2018-19) 55% (2017-18) 45% (2016-17) 49% (2015-16) 46% (2014-15) 47% (2012-13)	Not available	13		_		
Chip Enrollment (As of June)	https://chip.wv.gov/resources/Pages/Historic alResources.aspx	•	737 (2020) 656 (2019) 649 (2018) 576 (2016) 514 (2015)	23,945 (2020) 22,327 (2019) 21,837 (2018) 20,531 (2016) 19,447 (2015)	Not available					



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Yellow	
									Red=\	Worse
Education	[/							1		ı
Literacy (Percent of adults age 16 -74 at or below level 1 literacy)	https://nces.ed.gov/surveys/piaac/skillsmap/	1	13% (2012/14/17)	21% (2012/14/17)	22% (2012/14/17)	1	34			
Percent of 4-year olds enrolled in Pre-Kindergarten	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		64.5% (2015) 53.6% (2014) 60.7% (2013) 53.2% (2012) 57.0% (2011)	71.5% (2015) 67.3% (2014) 68.7% (2013) 62.4% (2012) 65.4% (2011)	Not available	49				
4 th grade students proficient in Math Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp	1	63.5% (2018-19) 59.9% (2017-18) 55.1% (2016-17) 51.1% (2015-16) 43.3% (2014-15)	47.3% (2018-19) 45.7% (2017-18) 43.2% (2016-17) 40.9% (2015-16) 36.0% (2014-15)	Not available					
4 th grade students proficient in Reading Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp	1	65.7% (2018-19) 54.3% (2017-18) 57.9% (2016-17) 66.2% (2015-16) 52.7% (2014-15)	48.8% (2018-19) 45.1% (2017-18) 47.4% (2016-17) 49.0% (2015-16) 45.6% (2014-15)	Not available					
4 th grade students Who Scored Below Proficient Reading	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		35.1% (2015) 40.1% (2014) 43.6% (2013) 39.3% (2012)	51.7% (2015) 56.8% (2014) 52.8% (2013) 55.3% (2012)	66% (2019) 65% (2017) 65% (2015) 66% (2013) 68% (2011)	2	44			
4 th grade students proficient in Science Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp		42.9% (2018-19) 48.4% (2017-18)	35.4% (2018-19) 38.1% (2017-18)	Not available					
8 th grade students proficient in Math Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp	1	55.7% (2018-19) 53.2% (2017-18) 43.3% (2016-17) 46.1% (2015-16) 45.3% (2014-15)	36.6% (2018-19) 32.4% (2017-18) 30.0% (2016-17) 27.6% (2015-16) 25.6% (2014-15)	Not available					
8 th grade students proficient in Reading Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp	1	53.8% (2018-19) 49.2% (2017-18) 50.5% (2016-17) 53.5% (2015-16) 57.3% (2014-15)	43.9% (2018-19) 41.9% (2017-18) 45.5% (2016-17) 47.5% (2015-16) 44.2% (2014-15)	Not available					
8 th grade students proficient in Science	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.jsp	1	41.6% (2018-19) 48.5% (2017-18)	33.1% (2018-19) 38.5% (2017-18)	Not available					
Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal	_	53.2% (2018-19)	38.7% (2018-19)		+				
3-12 grade students proficient in Math Source: WV Department of Education	Home isp		54.5% (2017-18) 54.5% (2016-17) 44.5% (2015-16) 40.8% (2014-15)	37.6% (2017-18) 37.6% (2017-18) 34.8% (2016-17) 33.4% (2015-16) 30.0% (2014-15)	Not available					
3-12 grade students proficient in Reading Source: WV Department of Education	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal Home.isp	1	56.0% (2018-19) 56.0% (2017-18) 55.7% (2016-17) 56.9% (2015-16) 55.3% (2014-15)	46.1% (2018-19) 45.2% (2017-18) 47.5% (2016-17) 48.8% (2015-16) 46.4% (2014-15)	Not available					



			Augu	st 2020						
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	us	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Yellow	Putnam County vs US =Better r=Same Worse
3-12 grade students proficient in Science	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal	^							Rea-N	worse
3-12 grade students prontient in science	Home.jsp		40.3% (2018-19)	32.8% (2018-19)	Not available					
Source: WV Department of Education			47.6% (2017-18)	37.0% (2017-18)	NOT available					
Some college (Percent of adults aged 25-44 years	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/	_	66.0% (2015-19)	56.0% (2015-19)	73.0% (2015-19)					
with some post-secondary education)	west-	1	65.0% (2014-18)	55.0% (2014-18)	73.0% (2014-18)					
with some post-secondary education;	virginia/2020/measure/factors/69/data?sort =sc-0		63.0% (2013-17)	55.0% (2013-17)	73.0% (2013-17)					
	<u>=30-0</u>		64.0% (2012-16)	54.0% (2012-16)	72.0% (2012-16)	3				
			62.7% (2011-15)	54.0% (2011-15)	72.0% (2011-15)					
			62.0% (2010-14)	53.0% (2010-14)	72.0% (2010-14)					
Residents >25 with BA degree or higher	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/		26.1% (2019)	20.6% (2019)	32.1% (2019)					
			26.7% (2018)	20.3% (2018)	31.5% (2018)					
			24.9% (2017)	19.9% (2017)	30.9% (2017)					
			25.0% (2016)	19.6% (2016)	30.3% (2016)					
			25.4% (2015)	19.2% (2015)	29.8% (2015)					
High cabool and dustion (Donas at account of account of	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		23.9% (2014) 92% (2015-19)	18.7% (2014) 87% (2015-19)	29.3% (2014) 94% (2015-19)					
High school graduation (Percent of county's 9th	west-		93% (2016-17)	89% (2016-17)	96% (2016-17)					
grade cohort that graduated from HS in 4 years)	virginia/2020/measure/factors/21/data?sort		91% (2014-15)	87% (2014-15)	95% (2014-15)					
	<u>=sc-0</u>		86% (2012-13)	82% (2012-13)	93% (2012-13)	5				
			82% (2011-12)	79% (2011-12)	93% (2011-12)					
			82% (2010-11)	78% (2010-11)	93% (2010-11)					
Four Year Graduation Rate	https://zoomwv.k12.wv.us/Dashboard/portal		98.1% (2019-20)	92.1% (2019-20)	, ,					
	<u>Home.jsp</u>		96.7% (2018-19)	91.4% (2018-19)						
Source: WV Department of Education			97.1% (2017-18)	90.2% (2017-18)						
Courter to a copartiment or added to			92.8% (2016-17)	89.4% (2016-17)	Not available					
			95.9% (2015-16)	89.8% (2015-16)						
			91.5% (2014-15)	86.5% (2014-15)						
			90.2% (2013-14)	84.5% (2013-14)						
High school drop-out rate	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		2.5% (2015)	7.6% (2015)	6.1% (2016)					A
			2.8% (2014)	8.3% (2014)	6.5% (2014)	2			77	ベン
	https://nces.ed.gov/fastfacts/display.asp?id=		5.5% (2013) 7.8% (2012)	11.3% (2013) 13.6% (2012)	6.8% (2013) 6.6% (2012)					
	<u>16</u>		8.4% (2011)	15.5% (2012)	7.1% (2011)					
Social Environment			0.470 (2011)	13.370 (2011)	1 .1/0 (2011)		L			
Social associations (Number of membership	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		10.4 (2018)	13.0 (2018)	18.2 (2018)					
assolations per 10,000 population)	west-		10.7 (2017)	13.1 (2017)	18.4 (2017)					
account of a solution	virginia/2020/measure/factors/140/data?sor t=sc-0		10.9 (2016)	12.9 (2016)	21.9 (2016)	22				
			11.1 (2015)	13.1 (2015)	22.1 (2015)	23				
			11.3 (2014)	13.1 (2014)	22.1 (2014)					
			10.2 (2013)	13.1 (2013)	22.1 (2013)					
Child abuse/neglect rate (per 1,000 children)	http://datacenter.kidscount.org/		F F (2045)	22.0 (2045)	9 (2018)					
			5.5 (2015) 4.1 (2012)	23.9 (2015) 15.6 (2012)	9 (2017)	4	F4		77	
			4.1 (2012) 4.8 (2011)	16.4 (2012) 16.4 (2011)	9 (2016)	1	51		X	
			4.8 (2011) 5.7 (2010)	17.6 (2011)	9 (2015) 9 (2012)					
Homicide rate (Deaths due to homicide per 100,000	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/		0 (2013-19)	5 (2013-19)	9 (2012)					
population - age-adjusted)	west-		0 (2013-13)	5 (2013-19)						
population - age-aujusteuj	virginia/2020/measure/factors/15/data?sort =sc-0	—	0 (2011-17)	5 (2011-17)	Not available					
1		~	- , ,	- , ,		1	Ī			1
	<u> </u>		0 (2010-16)	5 (2010-16)						

Charleston Area Medical Center

	August 2020									
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	US	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining		Putnam County VS US =Better =Same Worse
Children in single-parent households	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/82/data?sort =sc-0	1	21% (2015-19) 23% (2014-18) 25% (2013-17) 26% (2012-16) 27% (2011-15) 26% (2010-14)	25% (2015-19) 34% (2014-18) 34% (2013-17) 34% (2012-16) 34% (2011-15) 33% (2010-14)	14% (2015-19) 20% (2014-18) 20% (2013-17) 20% (2012-16) 21% (2011-15) 21% (2010-14)					
Built Environment				1 00/1 (2020 2 1/						
Food environment index (Ranges from 0-10 and equally weights 2 indicators of food environment: Limited access to health foods & Food insecurity)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/133/data?sor t=sc-0	1	8.6 (2015 & 2018) 8.4 (2015 & 2017) 8.5 (2015 & 2016) 8.4 (2015) 8.1 (2010 & 2014) 8.2 (2010 & 2013)	6.9 (2015 & 2018) 6.7 (2015 & 2017) 6.9 (2015 & 2016) 7.0 (2015) 7.2 (2010 & 2014) 7.3 (2010 & 2013)	8.7 (2015 & 2018) 8.6 (2015 & 2017) 8.7 (2015 & 2016) 8.6 (2015) 8.4 (2010 & 2014) 8.3 (2010 & 2013)	2				
Fast-food restaurants density (per 1,000)	US Department of Agriculture; Food Atlas		0.86 (2016) 0.94 (2012) 0.95 (2011) 0.97 (2009) 0.96 (2007)	Not available	Not available					
Percent low income & >1 mile to store	US Department of Agriculture; Food Atlas		5.69% (2015) 5.29% (2010)	Not available	Not available					
Percent households no car & >1 mile to store	US Department of Agriculture; Food Atlas		3.34% (2015) 2.78% (2010)	Not available	Not available					
Environment										
The average daily measure of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5) in a county	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/125/data?sor t=sc-0		8.7 (2016) 10.3 (2014) 10.6 (2012) 13.1 (2011) 12.7 (2008)	7.8 (2016) 9.6 (2014) 9.5 (2012) 13.2 (2011) 12.6 (2008)	5.2 (2016) 6.1 (2014) 6.7 (2012) 9.5 (2011) 8.8 (2008)	48				
Transportation			, ,	, ,	· · ·	•	'			
Mean travel time to work (Age 16 and over)	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/	1	25.4 min (2019) 24.9 min (2018) 24.7 min (2017) 25.1 min (2016) 24.8 min (2015) 25.7 min (2014)	25.9 min (2019) 25.8 min (2018) 25.7 min (2017) 25.6 min (2016) 25.6 min (2015) 25.6 min (2014)	26.9 min (2019) 26.6 min (2018) 26.4 min (2017) 26.1 min (2016) 25.9 min (2015) 25.7 min (2014)					
Mode of getting to work: % drove alone (Age 16 and over)	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/	1	87.2% (2019) 88.2% (2018) 86.5% (2017) 86.4% (2016) 86.0% (2015) 86.7% (2014)	82.5% (2019) 82.6% (2018) 82.2% (2017) 82.0% (2016) 82.3% (2015) 82.3% (2014)	76.3% (2019) 85.5 % (2018) 76.4% (2017) 76.4% (2016) 76.4% (2015) 76.4% (2014)					
Percent of labor force that drives alone to work (Age 16 and over)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/factors/67/data?sort =sc-0	1	87% (2015-19) 88% (2014-18) 87% (2013-17) 86% (2012-16) 86% (2011-15) 87% (2010-14)	82% (2015-19) 83% (2014-18) 82% (2013-17) 82% (2012-16) 82% (2011-15) 82% (2010-14)	72% (2015-19) 72% (2014-18) 72% (2013-17) 72% (2012-16) 72% (2011-15) 71% (2010-14)	50				
Mode of getting to work: public transit (Age 16 and over) mpiled by CAMC Planning Department August 2020	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/	1	0.1% (2019) 0.1% (2018) 0.1% (2017) 0.1% (2016) 0.2% (2015)	0.9% (2019) 0.9% (2018) 0.9% (2017) 0.9% (2016) 0.8% (2015) 14 0.7% (2014)	5.0% (2019) 5.0% (2018) 5.1% (2017) 5.1% (2016) 5.1% (2015) 5.1% (2014)					\otimes



		August 2020									
Indicator	Data Link	Favorable Trend	Putnam County	wv	US	Rank (of 55 WV Counties)	Rank (of 50 States)	Putnam County Trend Green=Improving Yellow=No Change/Variable Red=Declining	Yellow	Putnam County vs US =Better r=Same Worse	
Occupied housing units with no vehicles available	https://data.census.gov/cedsci/	1	3.9% (2019) 3.8% (2018) 3.5% (2017) 3.6% (2016) 3.9% (2015) 4.5% (2014)	8.7% (2019) 8.7% (2018) 8.7% (2017) 8.8% (2016) 8.8% (2015) 8.7% (2014)	8.6% (2019) 8.7% (2018) 8.8% (2017) 9.0% (2016) 9.1% (2015) 9.1% (2014)				*	*	
Disability and Health											
Disability Status: Do you have serious difficulty walking or climbing stairs? (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		23.7% (2019) 24.2% (2018) 24.3% (2017) 21.9% (2016) 23.1% (2015) 24.4% (2014) 21.0% (2013)	23.9% (2019) 23.3% (2018) 24.2% (2017) 22.3% (2016) 22.7% (2015) 23.0% (2014) 21.4% (2013)	13.6% (2019) 13.0% (2018) 13.6% (2017) 12.4% (2016) 12.9% (2015) 13.0% (2014) 13.0% (2013)						
Disability Status: Do you have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering or making decisions? (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/		21.0% (2015) 16.5% (2019) 18.2% (2018) 18.3% (2017) 16.4% (2016) 15.9% (2015) 14.4% (2014) 14.5% (2013)	21.4% (2015) 19.3% (2019) 17.9% (2018) 18.9% (2017) 16.4% (2016) 14.6% (2015) 14.8% (2014) 15.0% (2013)	13.0% (2013) 11.7% (2019) 11.0% (2018) 10.7% (2017) 9.8% (2016) 10.1% (2015) 10.3% (2014) 10.3% (2013)						
Poor physical health days	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/outcomes/36/data?s ort=sc-0	1	4.5 (2018) 4.6 (2017) 4.5 (2016) 3.8 (2015) 4.1 (2014) 4.7 (2006-12)	5.3 (2018) 5.3 (2017) 5.2 (2016) 5.1 (2015) 5.0 (2014) 4.9 (2006-12)	3.4 (2018) 3.1 (2017) 3.0 (2016) 3.0 (2015) 2.9 (2014) 2.5 (2006-12)	2					
Percent of adults reporting poor or fair health (age-adjusted)	https://www.countyhealthrankings.org/app/ west- virginia/2020/measure/outcomes/2/data?sor t=sc-0	1	19% (2018) 19% (2017) 18% (2016) 18% (2015) 17% (2014) 17% (2006-12)	24% (2018) 24% (2017) 24% (2016) 24% (2015) 24% (2014) 22% (2006-12)	14% (2018) 12% (2017) 12% (2016) 12% (2015) 12% (2014) 10% (2006-12)	2					
General Health (Fair / Poor) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	25.4% (2019) 24.6% (2018) 26.8% (2017) 27.1% (2016) 26.7% (2015) 24.5% (2014) 24.2% (2013)	26.6% (2019) 26.3% (2018) 25.9% (2017) 26.3% (2016) 25.9% (2015) 25.8% (2014) 25.7% (2013)	18.2% (2019) 17.3% (2018) 17.7% (2017) 16.7% (2016) 16.5% (2015) 16.9% (2014) 16.9% (2013)						
General Health (Good / Better) (Data based on Charleston Metropolitan Statistical Area.)	https://www.cdc.gov/brfss/brfssprevalence/	1	74.6% (2019) 75.4% (2018) 73.3% (2017) 72.9% (2016) 73.3% (2015) 75.5% (2014) 75.8% (2013)	73.4% (2019) 73.7% (2018) 74.1% (2017) 73.7% (2016) 74.1% (2015) 74.2% (2014) 74.3% (2013)	81.8% (2019) 82.7% (2018) 82.3% (2017) 83.3% (2016) 83.6% (2015) 83.1% (2014) 83.1% (2013)						